

A. Elementary Problems

- 1) a) Prove in ZFC that there is no sequence of sets, $\langle x_n : n \in \omega \rangle$, such that $x_{n+1} \in x_n$ for all n .
- b) Show that if ZFC is consistent, it has a model $\langle A, E \rangle$ such that for some $x_n \in A$ ($n \in \omega$), $x_{n+1} \in x_n$ for all n .
- c) How do you reconcile (a) and (b)?

- 2) For any cardinal κ , let $H(\kappa) = \{x \mid |TC(x)| < \kappa\}$.
- a) Show, in ZF, that $H(\kappa)$ is a set.
- b) Show, in ZFC, that for $\kappa \geq \omega$, κ is regular iff $H(\kappa) = \{x \mid |x| < \kappa \ \& \ x \subseteq H(\kappa)\}$.

3) Let T be the theory of models $\langle A, f \rangle$ such that f is a permutation of A with no finite cycles. Show that T is not finitely axiomatizable.

4) Show that there is a model $\mathcal{U} \models P$ such that for some $n \in A$, n is infinitely large and there is no smaller $m \in A$ realizing the same type as n .

5) Let T be the theory of models $\langle A, U \rangle$ such that U and $A-U$ are both infinite (U is unary). Show that T is model-complete.

R. Model Theory

- 1) Let λ and κ be infinite cardinals with $\kappa \leq \lambda$ and κ regular. Show that there is an $\mathcal{M} \models P$ such that \mathcal{M} has cardinality λ and cofinality κ .
- 2) Let \mathcal{M} and \mathcal{N} be ω -saturated structures for a countable language. Show $\mathcal{M} \times \mathcal{N}$ is ω -saturated.
- 3) Let T be a consistent theory in a countable language. Assume every model of T of cardinality ω_2 is ω_1 -saturated. Show T is ω_1 -categorical. (Hint: first show T is ω -stable).
- 4) Let T be a complete theory in a countable language and let $\Sigma(x)$ be a non-atomic type over T . Show that T has a model M which realizes $\Sigma(x)$ but is not ω -saturated.
5. Let \mathcal{M} be a countable infinite arithmetically saturated model. Show that \mathcal{M} has a non-trivial automorphism.

C. Recursion Theory

1) Show that there are distinct $a, b, c \in \omega$ such that $\varphi_a(b) = c$, $\varphi_b(c) = a$, and $\varphi_c(a) = b$.

false

2) Show that there is an infinite r.e. set with no infinite recursive subsets.

- 3) a) Show that there is a recursive $S \subseteq \omega$ such that $\{\varphi_s : s \in S\} =$ the set of primitive recursive functions of one variable.
- b) Show that the characteristic function of such an S is not primitive recursive.

4) Let $A, B \subseteq \omega$, $A \cap B = \emptyset$, and A, B both Σ_1^0 . Show that there is a Δ_3^0 C with $A \subseteq C$ and $B \cap C = \emptyset$.

D. Set Theory

1) Assume $\alpha < \omega_1$ and there exists a transitive $M \models ZFC$ with $M \cap ON = \alpha$. Show there are transitive $N_1, N_2 \models ZFC$ with $N_1 \cap ON = N_2 \cap ON = \alpha$, $N_1 \neq N_2$, and $N_1 \not\subseteq N_2$.

2) a) Assume:

$$X_\alpha \subseteq \omega_1 \ (\alpha < \omega_1), \ \forall \alpha < \beta \ (X_\beta \subseteq X_\alpha), \ \text{and} \quad (*)$$

$$Y = \{\alpha : \forall \beta < \alpha \ (\alpha \in X_\beta)\}.$$

Show that if each X_α is c.u.b., then Y is c.u.b.

b) Find $X_\alpha \ (\alpha < \omega_1)$ satisfying (*) with each X_α stationary and Y not stationary.

3) Let α be a limit ordinal. Show α is a regular cardinal iff: whenever $\cdot : \alpha \times \alpha \rightarrow \alpha$ is such that (α, \cdot) is a group, $\exists \gamma < \alpha$ (γ is a subgroup of α).

4) Assume $V = L$ and \exists an inaccessible cardinal. Find a theory

$T \supseteq ZF$ in the language of set theory such that:

a) T has no uncountable transitive model but

b) $\forall \alpha < \omega_1 \exists M$ ($M \models T$ & M transitive & $\alpha \in M$).

$ZF + \exists x \leq \omega \ x \notin L$